



In the name of **GOD**

Process control for optimising grinding performance in ball mills

Mohammad Mehdi Khouzestani, Namadin Sanat Co. (Iran) www.namadinsanatco.com





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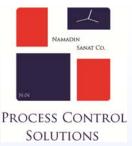
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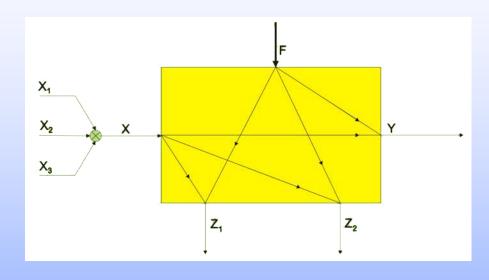
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Structure of open cycle cement mill





Y – output regulable parameter (fineness of grinding)

Z1, Z2 – indirect measurable parameters(the loading of first and second chamber of the mill);

F – disturbances (the changes in the grindability of initial materials, wearing out of the ball charge and the mill lining); X- flow rate of the material sent for grinding into the mill; X = X1 + X2 + X3

where

X1, X2, X3 – input materials(clinker, gypsum, additive)



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◆ FG and FD aren't influenced from the work of near-by mills and other aggregates;

◆ Measuring of resistant properties of material layer in the zone of sensor mounting and obtaining in time truthful information for their changes;

• Eliminating of uninformation resonance vibrations of mill's case;

◆ In case of FG - change it can control the wearing out of grinding bodies and lining;

♦ At abruptly FG change it can define a mill breakdowns (destruction of grids and lining, clogging up from inner bodies etc);

◆ The sensor signal is sent at distance up to 200m without additional amplification.



MICROPROCESSOR MODULE MILLCONT 2

 Y_n

 P_r

 T_i

 T_d

 $f_{o \delta x \epsilon}$.

T





CONTROL LAWS

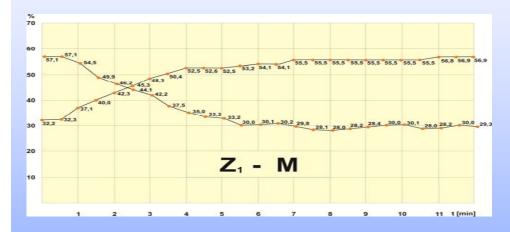
$$Y_{n} = \left[P_{r}X_{n} + \frac{T}{T_{i}}\sum_{K=0}^{n}X_{K} + \frac{T_{d}}{T}\left(X_{n} - X_{(n-1)}\right)\right]\frac{100}{f_{obxe.}}\%$$

- output control value;
 - debalance between set point (SP) and
- $X_n, X_{(n-1)}$ factor of grinding (FG);
 - -gain coefficient;
 - -time constant of integration;
 - time constant of deviation
 - -tact of the control law;
 - range of the input signal



Mill Characters







Transitional characteristics









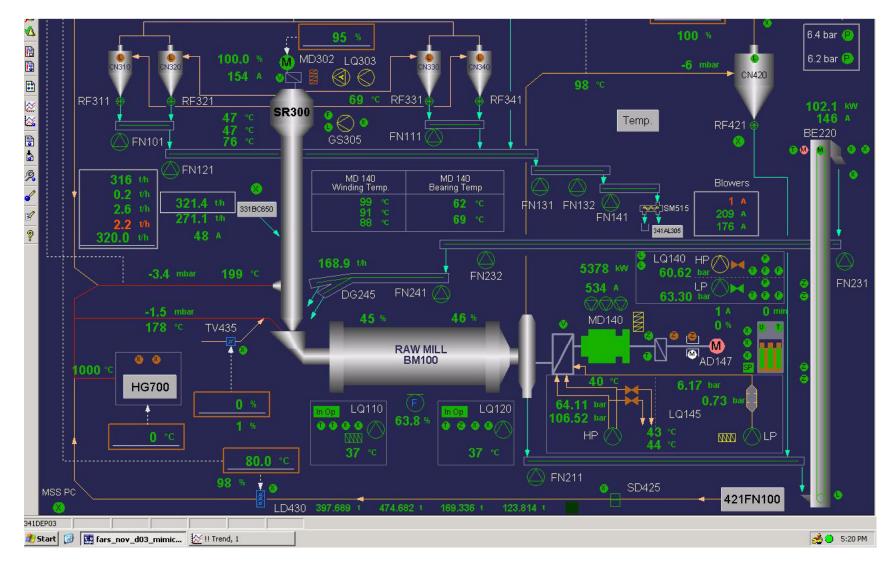








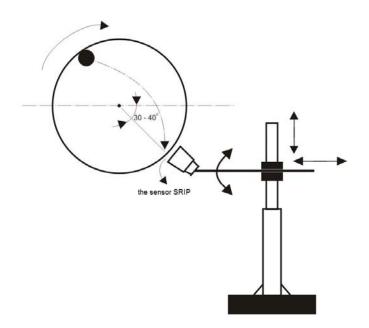














CONCLUSION



The nowadays running of control system implemented on more than 40 cement and raw material mills shows the following:

- The mill will be controlled automatically
- The mill output grows with 6 % to 25 %;
- The specific energy consumption is reduced approximately to the same percentage;
- The durability of the lining and grinding bodies extends with about 15%;
- The mean quadratic deviations of ready product by fineness of grinding are reduced with an average of 1,3 times in comparison with those at manual control of grinding process;
- •The average time for system buying back is 2 months.
- Besides these good economic results the control system for open/close cycle cement mill built up on basis of the microprocessor system MILLCONT 2 control of grinding process and improves the overall labor organization of the workshop.
- The system can be installed on Raw Material, Cement, Ore, Gypsum and ... mills in open or close cycle and also in wet or dry mills.
- •This system is presented by Namadin Sanat Co, in the middle east territory and is installed more than 20 mills in this area.
- •For further information you may visit www.namadinsanatco.com
- •Tel: 0098-311-233-9560 Fax: 0098-311-233-2848
- 1. M. Khoozestani "Grinding process control system of two stage raw mill", BULCAMC, 2008, Sofia, BULGARIA
- 2. T. Penzov et al. "New system for control of grinding process", XXIII International mineral processing congress, 3 8 September, 2006, Istanbul, TURKEY
- 3. ZKG international magazine2006